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FILED

MAR 11 2011

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re: Case No. 10-57978-ASW THEODORE AND DANA SCHROEDER, Chapter 11 Debtors.

## MEMORANDUM DECISION ON MOTION TO EMPLOY ACCOUNTANT

Before the Court is the motion to appoint an accountant filed by Debtors Theodore Schroeder and Dana Schroeder ("Debtors"). opposition has been filed. Debtors seek to hire certified public accountant Michael Hendricks ("Accountant") to prepare Debtors' personal federal and state income tax returns for the 2010 calendar A hearing on Debtors' motion was held on February 11, 2011.

On August 2, 2010, Debtors filed a Chapter 11 bankruptcy The preparation of personal tax returns for a debtor would not be beneficial and necessary to the bankruptcy estate in many circumstances. When an individual files a petition for relief under Chapter 11, two taxable entities are created: that of the bankruptcy estate and that of the individual. 26 U.S.C. § 1398. These two separate taxable estates are also created for the purpose

of state and local taxes. 11 U.S.C. § 346(a). Individual Chapter 11 debtors can elect to end the tax year as of the petition date and create two short tax years. 26 U.S.C. § 1398(d)(2).

If the short-year election is made, then the tax obligation for the pre-petition short year is collectible from the bankruptcy estate, normally as a Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(8) priority claim. In re Eith, 111 B.R. 311, 313 (Bankr. D. Haw. 1990); In re Prativadi, 281 B.R. 816, 819 (Bankr. W.D.N.Y. 2002); In re Johnson, 190 B.R. 724, 727 (Bankr. D. Mass. 1995). The preparation of tax returns where the bankruptcy estate is liable for the taxes would be beneficial and necessary to the bankruptcy estate.

If the short-year election is **not** made, then the entire tax obligation for the tax year in which the individual debtor files for Chapter 11 bankruptcy would be a post-petition personal obligation of the debtor and not collectible from the bankruptcy estate. Eith, 111 B.R. at 313; Prativadi, 281 B.R. at 819. This is so because, if the election is **not** made, then the individual debtor's tax year is determined without regard to the bankruptcy case. 26 U.S.C. § 1398(d)(1).

According to the January 20, 2011 Declaration of Michael Hendricks, Debtors' tax year closed post-petition on December 31, 2010. The corresponding taxes will be due and owing either (1) post-petition on the date the tax year closes or (2) post-petition on the date the tax return is due, which is the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the close of the tax year. 26 U.S.C. §§ 6151, 6072(a). Compare Pan American Van Lines v. United States, 607 F.2d 1299 (9th Cir. 1979), with In re Joye, 578 F.3d 1070 (9th Cir. 2009). Likewise, the tax obligation for

the post-petition short year would be a post-petition personal obligation of the debtor not collectible from the bankruptcy estate. C. Richard McQueen & Jack F. Williams, Tax Aspects of Bankruptcy Law and Practice § 13:11, page 13-36 (3d ed. 2010); Michael I. Salzman, Irs Practice and Procedure ¶ 10.06, page 10-86 (2d ed. 2010).

Thus, whether or not the election is made, some portion of the tax liability would be a post-petition obligation not enforceable against the bankruptcy estate. Debtors have not presented any evidence or argument that the preparation of a tax return for a tax liability which is not a liability of the bankruptcy estate would be beneficial and necessary to the bankruptcy estate.

At this point, the Court is willing to approve the employment of Accountant insofar as Accountant will prepare tax returns for pre-petition tax liabilities owed by the bankruptcy estate.

Insofar as Accountant is preparing tax returns for post-petition tax liabilities of Debtors, Debtors should use non-bankruptcy estate assets to pay Accountant.

Counsel for Debtors shall prepare and submit a form of order to this Court.

Dated: 3 | 11 | 11

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

## UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT For The Northern District Of California

## Court Service List

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